

Zeolitic Materials for Nanoscale Electronics & Quantum Computation



60

S_A P S_B

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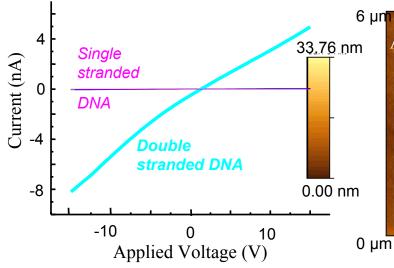
Au

DNA

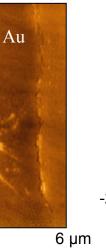
bundle

Q_{induced} Details of potential values near metallic surfaces aid in understanding the dynamical 40 Blue:positive Red:negative behavior of electronic systems at the nanoscale. 20 Induced charges on 40 20 40 60 60 x(h)a Scanning a Scanning
Tunneling Microscope tip kept at constant voltage near four metallic neutral islands.

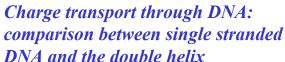
Two GaAs dots lying in the [001] plane making an angle q with the [110] direction. The spin rotates about the vector P when tunneling between dots. We have shown that control over this small rotation can be used for universal quantum computation.

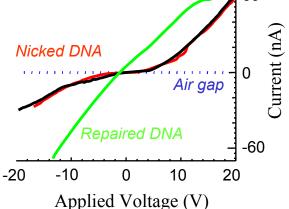


Atomic Force Microscope image of λ -DNA on mica



Charge transport through DNA: comparison between nicked and repaired DNA





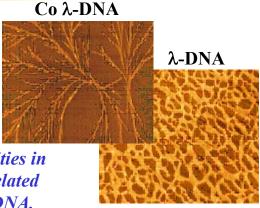
Broad scientific impact

• Metal contaminants hamper accurate forensic DNA identifications. Here, we show Atomic Force Microscope images of metallated λ-DNA

versus λ -DNA. The dissimilarities in surface assembly may be correlated to the behavior of metallated DNA.

- Our work on the "effective Hamiltonian" theory to describe pulsed quantum gates may be viewed as part of the nascent field of "quantum control theory", with potential in pulsed field magnetic resonance.
- Charge transport through DNA is implicated in DNA damage and repair.

• The computational tool developed is currently utilized by a group at ETH-Zurich, Switzerland, to characterize a ring defined on a semiconductor-based two-dimensional electron gas. This group is developing a new tool of scanning potentiometry at the nanoscale.



Broader impact

Addressing the public's concern about nanoscale science by creating a course for non-science majors and collaborating with ethicists.

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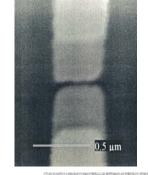
2 post-doctoral fellows, 4 graduate and 3 undergraduate students participated in this interdisciplinary nanoscale research.

Educational Activities

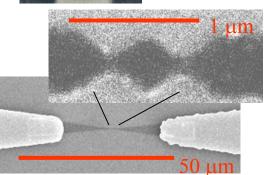


3 Ohio University undergraduate Physics and Engineering Physics students participated in the

research.



20 nm gap electrodes fabricated by undergraduate Kelsey Edwards



Aluminum Single Electron
Transistor fabricated by graduates.